# **HEMATOLOGY**

# **PFIZER ONCOLOGY**

Researchers estimate that **by 2020**, nearly **412,000 people worldwide** will be diagnosed with some form of leukemia<sup>1</sup> and nearly **537,000 will be diagnosed with lymphoma**.<sup>2</sup> Many who are currently affected by these blood cancers are in need of new treatment options.

# **Developing Innovative Treatments for Blood Cancers**

With marketed and investigational therapies, Pfizer is working to overcome the challenges of hematologic cancers and deliver innovative treatments to patients. Combating this formidable and complex set of hematologic diseases will require Pfizer to investigate a wide array of approaches, including collaborations with industry, academic and community partners to study multiple paths to advancing treatment.

## **LEUKEMIA**

Leukemia can be categorized based on which type of white blood cell is involved (lymphocytes or myeloid cells) as well as whether the illness is chronic (developing slowly and persisting for a long time) or acute (developing very quickly).



Lymphocytic leukemias develop from cells that give rise to T lymphocytes (T cells), B lymphocytes (B cells) or natural killer cells, each of which has a role in the immune system.<sup>3</sup>



Myeloid leukemias develop from cells that give rise to white blood cells called granulocytes or monocytes.<sup>3</sup>

Pfizer's marketed and investigational products aim to treat different types of leukemias including:

#### Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML)

CML accounts for 10-15% of all incident leukemia cases worldwide<sup>4,5</sup>

Approximatey **51,500 people** are **living with CML** <sup>6</sup>

#### Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)

AML is the most common form of leukemia in adults, accounting for approximately a third of all leukemias worldwide<sup>7</sup>

In 2012, the worldwide incidence of AML was estimated to be **351,965**<sup>8</sup>

## Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL)

ALL accounts for approximately
12% of all leukemia cases
worldwide9

For adult patients with relapsed or refractory ALL, the five-year overall survival rate is less than 10%<sup>10,11</sup>

#### **LYMPHOMA**

Lymphoma is a type of cancer that originates in the part of the body's immune system known as the lymphatic system, which includes the lymph nodes and lymphoid tissues.<sup>12</sup>

Pfizer is currently investigating medicines with the potential to treat different types of lymphomas including:

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma (NHL)

There were **386,000 new** cases of NHL diagnosed in 2012<sup>13</sup>

The five-year survival rate for NHL is approximately **71%** <sup>14</sup>



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### **Pfizer Products**

Pfizer has four therapies approved worldwide to treat various types of blood cancers, as well as several therapies in clinical development.

PHASE 1 PHASE 2 PHASE 3



**BISPECIFIC PROTEIN** 

Multiple Myeloma

**ALK INHIBITOR** 

Anaplastic Large Cell Lymphoma BIOSIMILAR

Follicular Lymphoma

**SMO INHIBITOR** 

Chronic Myelomonocytic Leukemia

**SMO INHIBITOR** 

Acute Myeloid Leukemia, Myelofibrosis, Myelodysplastic Syndromes

Note: products listed in pipeline snapshot are not currently approved for these indications by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration; pipeline as of May 2018

## Pfizer's Commitment to Patient Support

## Pfizer's Partnerships



Pfizer is committed to making investigational or unlicensed products available under our compassionate use policy to seriously ill patients who have exhausted other treatment options.





At Pfizer, we know collaboration is the key to success in developing innovative treatments. That's why we've built **partnerships** with the world's leading scientific institutions and patient advocacy groups with the goal of improving lives for patients living with hematologic malignancies.

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