

Revision date: 21-Mar-2008 Version: 2.1 Page 1 of 10

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Pfizer Inc Pfizer Global Manufacturing

Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Group
235 East 42nd Street
New York, New York 10017
Pfizer Inc
235 East 42nd Street
New York, New York, NY 10017

1-212-573-2222

Emergency telephone number: Emergency telephone number:

1-877-777-3180 ChemSafe (24 hours): +44 (0)208 762 8322

Contact E-Mail: pfizer-MSDS@pfizer.com

Material Name: Sildenafil citrate tablets

Trade Name: Revatio

Synonyms: Sildenafil citrate tablets

Chemical Family: Mixture

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product used for Treatment of pulmonary arterial hypertension

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance: White, film-coated, round biconvex tablets

Statement of Hazard: Non-hazardous in accordance with international standards for workplace safety.

Additional Hazard Information:

Short Term: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause eye irritation. (based on components) .

Long Term: Animal studies indicate that this material may cause adverse effects on the cardiovascular

syste

Known Clinical Effects: Adverse effects most commonly reported in clinical use include difficult digestion (dyspepsia),

nose bleed, headache, flushing, insomnia, abnormal redness of skin (erythema), difficulty breathing, muscle pain fever, gastrointestinal irritation, tingling/itching (paresthesia), transient

changes in light perception and color vision, effects on hearing, and effects on vision.

EU Indication of danger: Not classified

Australian Hazard Classification

(NOHSC):

Non-Hazardous Substance. Non-Dangerous Goods.

Note: This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

require the inclusion of all known hazards of the product or its ingredients regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases.

Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Classification	%
Sildenafil citrate	171599-83-0	Not listed	Xn;R22	23

700

Material Name: Sildenafil citrate tablets

Revision date: 21-Mar-2008

Version: 2.1

Version date. 21 Mai 2000

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS							
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	209-150-3	Not Listed	*			
Microcrystalline cellulose	9004-34-6	232-674-9	Not Listed	*			
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	236-675-5	Not Listed	*			

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Classification	%
Calcium phosphate dibasic, anhydrous	7757-93-9	231-826-1	Not Listed	*
Croscarmellose sodium	74811-65-7	Not listed	Not Listed	*
Hypromellose	9004-65-3	Not listed	Not Listed	*
Lactose Monohydrate	64044-51-5	Not listed	Not Listed	*
Triacetin	102-76-1	203-051-9	Not Listed	*

Additional Information: * Proprietary

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

For the full text of the R phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs or persists, get

medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If irritation occurs

or persists, get medical attention. This material may not be completely removed by conventional laundering. Consult professional laundry service. Do not home launder.

Ingestion: Get medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention

immediately.

Symptoms and Effects of Exposure: For information on potential signs and symptoms of exposure, See Section 2 - Hazards

Identification and/or Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or fire.

Fire Fighting Procedures: During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions.

Additional Information: Not applicable

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see

Section 8). Minimize exposure.

Material Name: Sildenafil citrate tablets

Revision date: 21-Mar-2008

Version: 2.1

Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that

controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Measures for Environmental

Protections:

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to

avoid environmental release.

Additional Consideration for Large

Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency

situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling: Minimize dust generation and accumulation. If tablets or capsules are crushed and/or broken,

avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Refer to Section 12 -

Ecological Information, for information on potential effects on the environment.

Storage Conditions: Store as directed by product packaging.

Material Name: Sildenafil citrate tablets Page 4 of 10
Revision date: 21-Mar-2008 Version: 2.1

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Refer to available public information for specific member state Occupational Exposure Limits.

Sildenafil citrate

Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr: 350µg/m³

Calcium phosphate dibasic, anhydrous

Latvia OEL - TWA = $10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

Magnesium stearate

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 10 mg/m³ TWA except stearates of toxic metals

Australia TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA
Belgium OEL - TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Ireland OEL - TWAs = 10 mg/m³ TWA except lead stearate

Lithuania OEL - TWA = $3 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ IPRV}$

Portugal OEL - TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA does not include stearates of toxic metals **Spain OEL - TWA** = 10 mg/m³ VLA-ED not including stearates of toxic metals

Sweden OEL - TWAs = $5 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ LLV}$

Microcrystalline cellulose

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Australia TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Belgium OEL - TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Estonia OEL - TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

France OEL - TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Ireland OEL - TWAS = 10 mg/m³ TWA

= 4 mg/m³ TWA

Latvia OEL - TWA = 2 mg/m³ TWA

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: = 15 mg/m³ TWA total

Titanium dioxide

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ Australia TWA $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ Austria OEL - MAKs $= 6 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ MAK}$ Belgium OEL - TWA $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

Bulgaria OEL - TWA $= 10.0 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ Denmark OEL - TWA $= 6 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ Estonia OEL - TWA $= 5 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ France OEL - TWA $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ VME}$ Greece OEL - TWA $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ $= 5 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Ireland OEL - TWAs} & = 10 \ \mbox{mg/m}^3 \ \mbox{TWA} \\ = 4 \ \mbox{mg/m}^3 \ \mbox{TWA} \\ \mbox{Latvia OEL - TWA} & = 10 \ \mbox{mg/m}^3 \ \mbox{TWA} \\ \end{array}$

Lithuania OEL - TWA = 5 mg/m³ IPRV
Netherlands OEL - TWA = 10 mg/m³ MAC
OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: = 15 mg/m³ TWA

Poland OEL - TWA = 10.0 mg/m³ NDS <2% free crystalline silica and containing no

asbestos

739

Material Name: Sildenafil citrate tablets Page 5 of 10
Revision date: 21-Mar-2008 Version: 2.1

 Portugal OEL - TWA
 = 10 mg/m³ TWA

 Romania OEL - TWA
 = 10 mg/m³ TWA

 Spain OEL - TWA
 = 10 mg/m³ VLA-ED

 Sweden OEL - TWAs
 = 5 mg/m³ LLV

The exposure limit(s) listed for solid components are only relevant if dust may be generated.

Analytical Method:
Engineering Controls:
Analytical method available for Sildenafil. Contact Pfizer Inc for further information.
Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. General room ventilation is adequate unless the process generates dust, mist or fumes. Keep airborne

contamination levels below the exposure limits listed above in this section.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Hands: Impervious gloves are recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk

processing operations.

Eyes: Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is possible.

Skin: Impervious protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and

for bulk processing operations.

Respiratory protection: If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate

respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to below the OEL.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State:TabletColor:WhiteMolecular Formula:MixtureMolecular Weight:Mixture

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: None known

Incompatible Materials: As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers

Page 6 of 10

Material Name: Sildenafil citrate tablets

Revision date: 21-Mar-2008 Version: 2.1

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information: The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual

ingredients.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Microcrystalline cellulose

Oral LD50 > 5000 mg/kgRabbit Dermal > 2000 mg/kg LD50

Magnesium stearate

Rat Oral LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rat Inhalation LC50 $> 2000 \text{ mg/m}^3$

Sildenafil citrate

Rat Oral LDmin. 300-500 mg/kg LDmin. 500-1000 mg/kg Mouse Oral Rat Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Hypromellose

Rat Oral LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide

Rat Oral LD50 > 7500 mg/kg Rat Subcutaneous LD 50 50 mg/kg

Lactose Monohydrate

Rat Oral LD 50 29700 mg/kg

Triacetin

Oral LD 50 3000 mg/kg Mouse Oral LD 50 1100 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity Comments:

A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

Microcrystalline cellulose

Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

Sildenafil citrate

Eye Irritation Rabbit Moderate Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating Skin Sensitization Guinea Pig Negative

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Sildenafil citrate

6 Month(s) 3 mg/kg/day Adrenal gland, Liver, Thyroid Rat Oral NOAEL 6 Month(s) Dog Oral 15 mg/kg/day Cardiovascular system NOAEL

Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Material Name: Sildenafil citrate tablets

Revision date: 21-Mar-2008

Version: 2.1

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Sildenafil citrate

Reproductive & Fertility Rat Oral 60 mg/kg/day NOEL No effects at maximum dose

Embryo / Fetal Development Rat Oral 50 mg/kg/day NOEL Maternal Toxicity, Not Teratogenic Embryo / Fetal Development Rabbit Oral 50 mg/kg/day NOEL Maternal Toxicity, Not Teratogenic

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Sildenafil citrate

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative In Vitro Cytogenetics Human Lymphocytes Negative

In Vivo Micronucleus Chromosome Aberration Mouse Bone Marrow Negative

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Sildenafil citrate

24 Month(s) Mouse Oral 5 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic 24 Month(s) Rat Oral 60 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic

Carcinogen Status: None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than

0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

Titanium dioxide

IARC: Group 2B (Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans)

OSHA: Present

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: In the environment, the active ingredient in this formulation is expected to remain in water or

migrate through the soil to groundwater. Harmful effects to aquatic organisms could occur.

Material Name: Sildenafil citrate tablets

Revision date: 21-Mar-2008

Version: 2.1

Mobility, Persistence and

Degradability:

The active ingredient in this formulation is water soluble and is expected to remain primarily in

water.

Bioaccumulation and Toxicity:

The active ingredient in this formulation has low potential to bioaccumulate and long-term adverse effects to aquatic organisms are not expected. See aquatic toxicity data, below.

Aquatic Toxicity: (Species, Method, End Point, Duration, Result)

Sildenafil citrate

Daphnia Magna TAD EC50 48 Hours 14 mg/L

Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout) OECD LC50 96 Hours > 9.5 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (Green Alga) OECD EC50 72 Hours 20 mg/L

Aquatic Toxicity Comments: A greater than (>) symbol indicates that acute ecotoxicity was not observed at the maximum

solubility. Since the substance is insoluble in aqueous solutions above this concentration, an

acute ecotoxicity value (i.e. LC/EC50) is not achievable.

Bacterial Inhibition: (Species, Method, End Point, Duration, Result)

Sildenafil citrate

Activated sludge OECD EC50 3 Hours > 1000 mg/L

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Procedures: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State

specific and Community specific provisions must be considered.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

Material Name: Sildenafil citrate tablets Page 9 of 10
Revision date: 21-Mar-2008 Version: 2.1

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Indication of danger: Not classified

OSHA Label:

Non-hazardous in accordance with international standards for workplace safety.

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:

None required

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Calcium phosphate dibasic, anhydrous

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

231-826-1

Croscarmellose sodium

Australia (AICS): Present

Magnesium stearate

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)PresentAustralia (AICS):PresentEU EINECS/ELINCS List209-150-3

Microcrystalline cellulose

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

XU

Present
232-674-9

Hypromellose

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling

XU

Present

Schedule 4

for Drugs and Poisons:

Titanium dioxide

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

Present
236-675-5

Lactose Monohydrate

Australia (AICS): Present

Triacetin

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Present

Material Name: Sildenafil citrate tablets

Revision date: 21-Mar-2008

Page 10 of 10

Version: 2.1

Australia (AICS):PresentEU EINECS/ELINCS List203-051-9

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R phrases mentioned in Section 3

R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

Data Sources: Pfizer proprietary drug development information. Safety data sheets for individual ingredients.

Reasons for Revision: Updated Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients. Updated Section 2 - Hazard

Identification. Updated Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures. Updated Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection. Updated Section 13 - Disposal Considerations. Updated Section 15 - Regulatory Information. Updated Section 12 - Ecological Information. Updated Section 7 - Handling and Storage. Updated Section 4 - First Aid Measures.

Prepared by: Toxicology and Hazard Communication

Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety

Pfizer Inc believes that the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied.

End of Safety Data Sheet