

Revision date: 25-Jul-2007 Version: 1.0 Page 1 of 9

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Pfizer Inc Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Group 235 East 42nd Street New York, New York 10017 1-212-573-2222

Ramsgate Road Sandwich, Kent CT13 9NJ United Kingdom +00 44 (0)1304 616161

Pfizer Ltd

Emergency telephone number:

Contact E-Mail:

CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300

Contact E-Mail: pfizer-MSDS@pfizer.com This e-mail address should not be used to report

suspected adverse events.

Emergency telephone number:

ChemSafe (24 hours): +44 (0)208 762 8322

Material Name: Norethisterone/Ethinyloestradiol tablets

Trade Name: BREVINOR; SYNPHASE; NORIMIN

Chemical Family: Mixture

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product used as oral contraceptive

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance: White or Blue Tablet

Signal Word: WARNING

Statement of Hazard: May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Additional Hazard Information:

Short Term: Dust may be absorbed through the skin and cause systemic effects. May be harmful if

swallowed. (based on components) . Accidental ingestion may cause effects similar to those

seen in clinical use.

Long Term: Occupational exposure to components of this mixture has resulted in menstrual irregularities in

women and breast changes (enlargement, mammary secretions), loss of libido, and changes in

sex hormone levels in men.

Known Clinical Effects: The use of oral contraceptives is associated with increased risks of myocardial infarction,

thromboembolism, stroke, hepatic neoplasia, and gallbladder disease. The most common adverse effects seen during clinical use of oral contraceptives are menstrual irregularities.

EU Indication of danger: Carcinogenic: Category 1

Toxic to reproduction: Category 1

EU Hazard Symbols:



EU Risk Phrases:

Material Name: Norethisterone/Ethinyloestradiol tablets

Revision date: 25-Jul-2007 Version: 1.0

R45 - May cause cancer. R60 - May impair fertility.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

R52/53 - Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

Page 2 of 9

environment.

Australian Hazard Classification

(NOHSC):

Hazardous Substance. Non-Dangerous Goods.

Note: This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

require the inclusion of all known hazards of the product or its ingredients regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases.

Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Classification	%
Ethinyl Estradiol	57-63-6	200-342-2	Carc. Cat.1;R45 N;R50/53 Repr. Cat.1;R60/61 Xn;R22	< 1.0
Norethisterone	68-22-4	200-681-6	Carc. Cat.2;R45 N;R50/53 Repr. Cat.1;R60/61	1.3-2.0
Starch	9005-25-8	232-679-6	Not Listed	*
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	209-150-3	Not Listed	*

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	Classification	%
Lactose NF, monohydrate	64044-51-5	Not listed	Not Listed	*
Povidone	9003-39-8	Not listed	Not Listed	*
FD & C Blue No. 1	3844-45-9	223-339-8	Not Listed	*

Additional Information: * Proprietary

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

For the full text of the R phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Flush with water while holding eyelids open for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention

immediately.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush area with large amounts of water. Use soap. Seek

medical attention.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not

induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep patient at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.

Material Name: Norethisterone/Ethinyloestradiol tablets

Revision date: 25-Jul-2007 Version: 1.0

Symptoms and Effects of Exposure: For information on potential signs and symptoms of exposure, See Section 2 - Hazards

Identification and/or Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or fire.

Fire Fighting Procedures: During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Not applicable

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see

Section 8). Minimize exposure.

Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that

controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

Page 3 of 9

dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Measures for Environmental

Protections:

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to

avoid environmental release.

Additional Consideration for Large

Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency

situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling: Restrict access to work area. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. If tablets or

capsules are crushed and/or broken, avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When handling, use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Wash thoroughly after handling. Releases to the environment should be avoided. Refer to Section 12 - Ecological Information, for information on potential effects on the environment.

Storage Conditions: Store as directed by product packaging.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ethinyl Estradiol

Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr: 0.04µg/m³, Skin

Norethisterone

Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr: 0.8μg/m³, Skin

Starch

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 10 mg/m³ TWA Australia TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Belgium OEL - TWA $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ Bulgaria OEL - TWA $= 10.0 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ Czech Republic OEL - TWA $= 4.0 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

Greece OEL - TWA = $10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

 $= 5 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

Material Name: Norethisterone/Ethinyloestradiol tablets

Revision date: 25-Jul-2007 Version: 1.0

Ireland OEL - TWAs = 10 mg/m³ TWA = 4 mg/m³ TWA

OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs: = 15 mg/m³ TWA total

= 5 mg/m³ TWA

Portugal OEL - TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA

Spain OEL - TWA = 10 mg/m³ VLA-ED

Magnesium stearate

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 10 mg/m³ TWA except stearates of toxic metals

Australia TWA= 10 mg/m³ TWABelgium OEL - TWA= 10 mg/m³ TWA

Ireland OEL - TWAs = 10 mg/m³ TWA except lead stearate

Lithuania OEL - TWA = 3 mg/m³ IPRV

Portugal OEL - TWA = 10 mg/m³ TWA does not include stearates of toxic metals **Spain OEL - TWA** = 10 mg/m³ VLA-ED not including stearates of toxic metals

= 5 mg/m³ LLV

The exposure limit(s) listed for solid components are only relevant if dust may be generated.

Analytical Method: Analytical method available for Ethinyl Estradiol and Norethisterone. Contact Pfizer Inc for

further information.

Engineering Controls: Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. General

room ventilation is adequate unless the process generates dust, mist or fumes. Keep airborne

Page 4 of 9

contamination levels below the exposure limits listed above in this section.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Sweden OEL - TWAs

Hands: Impervious, disposable gloves (double suggested) are recommended if skin contact with drug

product is possible and for bulk processing operations.

Eyes: Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is possible.

Skin: Impervious disposable protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product is

possible and for bulk processing operations.

Respiratory protection: If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate

respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to below the OEL.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State: Tablet Color: White, or Blue

Molecular Formula: Mixture Molecular Weight: Mixture

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid:
Incompatible Materials:

None known
None known
None known

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Material Name: Norethisterone/Ethinyloestradiol tablets

Revision date: 25-Jul-2007 Version: 1.0

General Information: The infor

The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual

Page 5 of 9

ingredients, except where noted.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Magnesium stearate

Rat Oral LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rat Inhalation LC50 > 2000 mg/m³

Starch

Mouse IP LD50 6600 mg/kg

Ethinyl Estradiol

Mouse Oral LD50 1737 mg/kg Rat Oral LD50 1200 mg/kg

Norethindrone Acetate

Rat Oral LD50 > 5010 mg/kg Mouse Oral LD50 > 5010 mg/kg

Povidone

Rat Oral LD50 100 g/kg

Acute Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Ethinyl Estradiol

Embryo / Fetal Development Mouse No route specified 0.02 mg/kg/day LOEL Embryotoxicity, Not teratogenic

Norethindrone Acetate

LOEL Embryo / Fetal Development Rat No route specified 1 mg/kg/day Teratogenic Embryo / Fetal Development Mouse No route specified 0.5 mg/kg/day LOEL Teratogenic Embryo / Fetal Development Rat No route specified 3.5 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not Teratogenic

Reproductive Effects

This product is an oral contraceptive and as such, may adversely effect fertility. Reproductive

toxicity has been reported in male animals exposed to estradiol. Effects included a decrease in testicular size and a reduction in testosterone levels. Norethindrone acetate has been shown

to effectively inhibit ovulation in rats.

TeratogenicityRhesus monkeys given norethindrone acetate and ethinyl estradiol in combination exhibited embryo lethality and virilization of female offspring. There are conflicting reports concerning

the ability of oral contraceptives to cause genital anomalies in exposed human fetuses.

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Ethinyl Estradiol

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative
Chromosome Aberration Human Lymphocytes Positive
Sister Chromatid Exchange Human Lymphocytes Positive

Chromosome Aberration Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells Positive

In Vivo Micronucleus Mouse Bone Marrow Positive

Norethindrone Acetate

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative

In Vitro Chromosome Aberration Human Lymphocytes Positive
In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Human Lymphocytes Negative

PZ00626

Page 6 of 9

Material Name: Norethisterone/Ethinyloestradiol tablets

Revision date: 25-Jul-2007 Version: 1.0

In Vivo Unscheduled DNA Synthesis Rat Hepatocyte Positive

In Vivo Direct DNA Damage Mouse Negative

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Ethinyl Estradiol

80 Week(s) Mouse Oral, in feed 0.07 mg/kg/day LOEL Tumors, Pituitary gland 104 Week(s) Rat No route specified 0.07 mg/kg/day LOEL Malignant tumors, Liver

105 Week(s) Rat Oral, in feed 0.053 mg/kg/day NOEL Not carcinogenic

Norethindrone Acetate

2 Year(s) Male Rat Oral 3-4 mg/kg/day LOEL Malignant tumors, Liver

2 Year(s) Female Rat Oral 3-4 mg/kg/day LOEL Tumors, Female reproductive system

104 Week(s) Male Rat Intramuscular 10 mg/kg/day LOEL Malignant tumors, Mammary gland, Liver, Endocrine system

104 Week(s) Female Rat Intramuscular 10 mg/kg/day LOEL Malignant tumors, Liver, Mammary gland

Carcinogen Status: See below

FD & C Blue No. 1

IARC: Group 3

Ethinyl Estradiol

IARC: Group 1
NTP: Listed
OSHA: Present

Norethindrone Acetate

IARC: Group 2B
NTP: Listed
OSHA: Present

Povidone

IARC: Group 3

Norethisterone

IARC: Group 2B

NTP: Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Carcinogen

OSHA: Present

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: The environmental characteristics of this mixture have not been fully evaluated. Releases to

the environment should be avoided. See Aquatic toxicity data of the active ingredient, below:

Aquatic Toxicity: (Species, Method, End Point, Duration, Result)

Ethinyl Estradiol

PZ00626

Material Name: Norethisterone/Ethinyloestradiol tablets

Revision date: 25-Jul-2007 Version: 1.0

Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout) LC50 96 Hours 1.6 mg/L

Daphnia magna (Water Flea) EC50 48 Hours 5.7 mg/L

Algae EC50 0.84 mg/L

Norethisterone

Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout) OECD LC50 96 Hours > 4.3 mg/L Scenedesmus subspicatus (Green Alga) OECD EC50 Hours 0.12 mg/L

Aquatic Toxicity Comments: A greater than (>) symbol indicates that acute ecotoxicity was not observed at the maximum

solubility. Since the substance is insoluble in aqueous solutions above this concentration, an

Page 7 of 9

acute ecotoxicity value (i.e. LC/EC50) is not achievable.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Procedures: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State

specific and Community specific provisions must be considered.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Symbol:

EU Indication of danger: Carcinogenic: Category 1

Toxic to reproduction: Category 1

EU Risk Phrases:

R45 - May cause cancer. R60 - May impair fertility.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

R52/53 - Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

EU Safety Phrases:

S22 - Do not breathe dust.

S36/37 - Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. S53 - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S57 - Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

OSHA Label:

WARNING

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Material Name: Norethisterone/Ethinyloestradiol tablets

Revision date: 25-Jul-2007 Version: 1.0

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A



Ethinyl Estradiol

California Proposition 65 carcinogen, initial date 1/1/88

developmental toxicity, initial date 4/1/90 (when mixed with

Page 8 of 9

Norethisterone)

Schedule 4

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Present

Australia (AICS): Present

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling for Drugs and Poisons:

EU EINECS/ELINCS List 200-342-2

Norethisterone

California Proposition 65 carcinogen, initial date 10/1/89

developmental toxicity, initial date 4/1/90

Australia (AICS): Present

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling Schedule 4

for Drugs and Poisons:

EU EINECS/ELINCS List 200-681-6

Lactose NF, monohydrate

Australia (AICS): Present

Povidone

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) XU
Australia (AICS): Present

FD & C Blue No. 1

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

Present
223-339-8

Starch

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

REACH - Annex IV - Exemptions from the Present

obligations of Register:

EU EINECS/ELINCS List 232-679-6

Magnesium stearate

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

209-150-3

Material Name: Norethisterone/Ethinyloestradiol tablets
Page 9 of 9

Revision date: 25-Jul-2007 Version: 1.0

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R phrases mentioned in Section 3

R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

R45 - May cause cancer.

R60 - May impair fertility.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

R50 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

R53 - May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Data Sources: Pfizer proprietary drug development information. Publicly available toxicity information.

Prepared by: Toxicology and Hazard Communication

Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety

Pfizer Inc believes that the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied.

End of Safety Data Sheet