

Revision date: 06-Dec-2012

Version: 2.0

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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

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Material Name: DYNASTAT (Parecoxib sodium) Powder for Injection

Trade Name:DYNASTATChemical Family:Not determinedIntended Use:Pharmaceutical product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance: Signal Word:	White crystalline solid DANGER
Statement of Hazard:	May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to gastrointestinal system through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Additional Hazard Information:	
Short Term:	Accidental ingestion may cause effects similar to those seen in clinical use.
Long Term:	Repeat-dose studies in animals have shown a potential to cause adverse effects on developing fetus and gastrointestinal system.
Known Clinical Effects:	Ingestion of this material may cause effects similar to those seen in clinical use including gastrointestinal effects such as nausea, pain, heartburn, bleeding, ulceration, and perforation. May cause effects on cardiovascular system. Clinical use may cause Stevens Johnson Syndrome (epidermal necrosis and exfoliative dermatitis). Serious allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, have been reported.
EU Indication of danger:	Toxic to Reproduction: Category 2

EU Hazard Symbols:



EU Risk Phrases:

Australian Hazard Classification (NOHSC):

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child. R48/22 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed. Hazardous Substance. Non-Dangerous Goods.

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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Note:

This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which require the inclusion of all known hazards of the active substance or its intermediates regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous EU EINECS/ELINCS List EU Classification Ingredient **CAS Number** % 1310-73-2 Sodium hydroxide 215-185-5 C;R35 Phosphoric acid 7664-38-2 231-633-2 C;R34 ** Parecoxib sodium 198470-85-8 Not Listed Repr.Cat.2;R61 20 or 40 mg Xn;R48/22

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	EU Classification	%
Sodium phosphate, dibasic	7558-79-4	231-448-7	Not Listed	*

Additional Information:

** to adjust pH

**** per dose Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace safety.

For the full text of the R phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. FIRST AID MEASURES	
Eye Contact:	Flush with water while holding eyelids open for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush area with large amounts of water. Use soap. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion:	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.
Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air and keep patient at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.
Symptoms and Effects of Exposure:	For information on potential signs and symptoms of exposure, See Section 2 - Hazards Identification and/or Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media:	Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.	
Hazardous Combustion Products:	May burn emitting oxides of: nitrogen sulfur	
Fire Fighting Procedures:	During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self- contained breathing apparatus.	

Fire / Explosion Hazards:	Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions.				
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES					
Health and Safety Precautions:	Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Minimize exposure.				
Measures for Cleaning / Collecting:	Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.				
Measures for Environmental Protections:	Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to avoid environmental release.				
Additional Consideration for Large Spills:	Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.				
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE					

General Handling:	Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. When handling, use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Wash hands and any exposed skin after removal of PPE. Releases to the environment should be avoided. Review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure or environmental releases. Potential points of process emissions of this material to the atmosphere should be controlled with dust collectors, HEPA filtration systems or other equivalent controls.
Storage Conditions:	Store as directed by product packaging.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Refer to available public information for specific member state Occupational Exposure Limits.

Sodium hydroxide	
ACGIH Ceiling Threshold Limit:	2 mg/m ³
Australia PEAK	2 mg/m ³
Austria OEL - MAKs	2 mg/m ³
Bulgaria OEL - TWA	2.0 mg/m ³
Czech Republic OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Estonia OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
France OEL - TWA	2 mg/m ³
Greece OEL - TWA	2 mg/m ³
Hungary OEL - TWA	2 mg/m ³
Japan - OELs - Ceilings	2 mg/m ³
Latvia OEL - TWA	0.5 mg/m ³
OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:	2 mg/m ³
Poland OEL - TWA	0.5 mg/m ³
Slovakia OEL - TWA	2 mg/m ³
Slovenia OEL - TWA	2 mg/m ³
Sweden OEL - TWAs	1 mg/m ³
Phosphoric acid	
ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)	1 mg/m ³
ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (STEL)	3 mg/m ³

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / P	ERSONAL PROTECTION
Australia STEL	3 mg/m ³
Australia TWA	1 mg/m ³
Austria OEL - MAKs	1 mg/m ³
Belgium OEL - TWA	1 mg/m^3
Bulgaria OEL - TWA	1.0 mg/m ³
Cyprus OEL - TWA	1 mg/m^3
Czech Republic OEL - TWA	1 mg/m^3
Denmark OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Estonia OEL - TWA	1 mg/m^3
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Finland OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
France OEL - TWA	0.2 ppm
	1 mg/m ³
Germany - TRGS 900 - TWAs	2 mg/m ³
Germany (DFG) - MAK	2 mg/m ³
Greece OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Hungary OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Ireland OEL - TWAs	1 mg/m ³
Italy OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Latvia OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Lithuania OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Luxembourg OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Malta OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Netherlands OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:	1 mg/m ³
Poland OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Portugal OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Romania OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Slovakia OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Slovenia OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Spain OEL - TWA	1 mg/m ³
Sweden OEL - TWAs	1 mg/m ³
Parecoxib sodium Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr:	100µg/m³
Filzer OEL TWA-0 HI.	τοσμιβλιτι
Engineering Controls:	Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. General room ventilation is adequate unless the process generates dust, mist or fumes. Keep airborne contamination levels below the exposure limits listed above in this section.
Environmental Exposure Controls:	Refer to specific Member State legislation for requirements under Community environmental legislation.
Personal Protective Equipment:	Refer to applicable national standards and regulations in the selection and use of personal protective equipment (PPE).
Hands:	Impervious gloves are recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk processing operations.
Eyes:	Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is possible.
Skin:	Impervious protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and
-	for bulk processing operations.
Respiratory protection:	If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to below the OEL.

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Dhysical States	Dowdor	Colory	\\/bita
Physical State: Molecular Formula:	Powder Mixture	Color: Molecular Weight:	White Mixture
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10. STABILITY AND REAC	TIVITY		
Chemical Stability: Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible Materials:		nditions of use. dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions asure, keep away from strong oxidizers	
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFO	ORMATION		
General Information:	The information include ingredients.	d in this section describes the potential h	azards of the individual
Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route	, End Point, Dose)		
Sodium phosphate, dibasic Rat Oral LD 50 17 g/kg			
Sodium hydroxide Mouse IP LD50 40 mg	j/kg		
Phosphoric acid Rat Oral LD50 1530 mg/k Rabbit Dermal LD 50 273	g 30 mg/kg		
Parecoxib sodium Rat Intravenous Minimum Le Dog Para-periosteal Minimun	thal Dose 45 mg/kg n Lethal Dose 100 mg/kg		
	Type, Species, Severity)		
Irritation / Sensitization: (Study			
Sodium phosphate, dibasic			
Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Sodium phosphate, dibasic Eye Irritation Rabbit Mild Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild			
Sodium phosphate, dibasic Eye Irritation Rabbit Mild Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild Sodium hydroxide			
Sodium phosphate, dibasic Eye Irritation Rabbit Mild Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild Sodium hydroxide Eye Irritation Rabbit Severe			
Sodium phosphate, dibasicEye IrritationRabbitMildSkin IrritationRabbitMildSodium hydroxideEye IrritationRabbitSevereSkin IrritationRabbitSevere			
Sodium phosphate, dibasicEye IrritationRabbitMildSkin IrritationRabbitMildSodium hydroxideEye IrritationRabbitSevereSkin IrritationRabbitSevereSkin IrritationRabbitSevere			
Sodium phosphate, dibasic Eye Irritation Rabbit Mild Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild Sodium hydroxide Eye Irritation Rabbit Severe			
Sodium phosphate, dibasicEye IrritationRabbitMildSkin IrritationRabbitMildSodium hydroxideEye IrritationRabbitSevereSkin IrritationRabbitSeverePhosphoric acidEye IrritationRabbit			

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin Irritation Rabbit Slight Skin Sensitization - GPMT Guinea Pig Negative

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Parecoxib sodium

4 Week(s)	Rat	Intravenous	25/10 mg/kg/day (i	male/fem	nale) NOAEL	Gastrointestinal System, Kidney
2 Week(s)	Dog	Intravenous	6 mg/kg/day N	IOAEL	Gastrointestinal	system, Skin
4 Week(s)	Dog	Intravenous	6 mg/kg/day N	IOEL (Gastrointestinal sy	/stem, Skin

Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Parecoxib sodium

Reproductive & Fertility Rat Intravenous 12.5 mg/kg/day NOEL Maternal toxicity, Developmental toxicity **Reproductive & Fertility** Rabbit Intravenous 20 mg/kg/day NOEL Fetotoxicity Embryo / Fetal Development Rabbit Intravenous 20 mg/kg/day NOEL Developmental toxicity

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Parecoxib sodium

In Vitro Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative In Vitro Mammalian Cell Mutagenicity Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells Negative In Vitro Chromosome Aberration Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells Positive In Vivo Micronucleus Rat Bone Marrow Negative

Carcinogen Status:

None of the components of this formulation are listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: Environmental properties have not been investigated. Releases to the environment should be avoided.

Aquatic Toxicity: (Species, Method, End Point, Duration, Result)

Phosphoric acid

Gambusia affinis (Mosquitofish)LC5096 Hours3-3.5 mg/LDaphnia magna (Water Flea)EC-5012 Hours4.6 mg/L

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods:Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State
specific and Community specific provisions must be considered. Considering the relevant
known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement
appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent
occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization
be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental
releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The following refers to all modes of transportation unless specified below.

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Symbol: EU Indication of danger:	T Toxic to Reproduction: Category 2
EU Risk Phrases:	R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child. R48/22 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.
EU Safety Phrases:	S22 - Do not breathe dust. S53 - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

OSHA Label: DANGER May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to gastrointestinal system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class: Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B



Sodium phosphate, dibasic CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities: Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Australia (AICS): EU EINECS/ELINCS List	5000 lb 2270 kg Present Present 231-448-7
Sodium hydroxide	
CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances	1000 lb
and their Reportable Quantities:	454 kg
Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)	Present
Australia (AICS):	Present
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling	Schedule 5
for Drugs and Poisons:	Schedule 6
EU EINECS/ELINCS List	215-185-5

5000 lb

2270 kg

Present

Present

Schedule 5

Schedule 6

231-633-2

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Phosphoric acid

CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities: Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Australia (AICS): Standard for the Uniform Scheduling for Drugs and Poisons: EU EINECS/ELINCS List

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R phrases mentioned in Section 3

 R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

 R34 - Causes burns.

 R35 - Causes severe burns.

 R48/22 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.

 Data Sources:
 Pfizer proprietary drug development information. Publicly available toxicity information.

 Reasons for Revision:
 Updated Section 2 - Hazard Identification. Updated Section 15 - Regulatory Information.

Prepared by:

Product Stewardship Hazard Communication Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety Operations

Pfizer Inc believes that the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time.

End of Safety Data Sheet

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